



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AOK60N30**

**300V, 60A N-Channel MOSFET**

### General Description

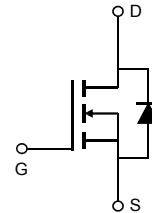
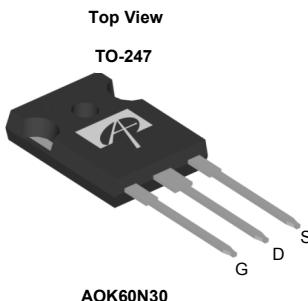
The AOK60N30 is fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications. By providing low  $R_{DS(on)}$ ,  $C_{iss}$  and  $C_{rss}$  along with guaranteed avalanche capability this part can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

For Halogen Free add "L" suffix to part number:  
AOK60N30L

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	350@150°C
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	60A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 0.056Ω

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	AOK60N30	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	300	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	60	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		40	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	200	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	9.5	A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	1353	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>	$E_{AS}$	2707	mJ
Peak diode recovery $dv/dt$	$dv/dt$	5	V/ns
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	658	W
Derate above $25^\circ C$		5.3	W/ $^\circ C$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	$^\circ C$
Thermal Characteristics			
Parameter	Symbol	AOK60N30	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	40	$^\circ C/W$
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta CS}$	0.5	$^\circ C/W$
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.19	$^\circ C/W$

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	300			V
		I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C		350		
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.26		V/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =300V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μA
		V <sub>DS</sub> =240V, T <sub>J</sub> =125°C			10	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±30V			±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	2.9	3.5	4.1	V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =30A		0.042	0.056	Ω
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =40V, I <sub>D</sub> =30A		52		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.68	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				60	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current				200	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =25V, f=1MHz	3550	4438	5330	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		410	593	770	pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		22	38	54	pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	0.8	1.7	2.6	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =240V, I <sub>D</sub> =60A	70	88	106	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			21		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			28		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =150V, I <sub>D</sub> =60A, R <sub>G</sub> =25Ω		88		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			222		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime			224		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			132		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =60A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	250	320	390	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =60A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	11	14.5	18	μC

A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150°C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150°C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25°C.

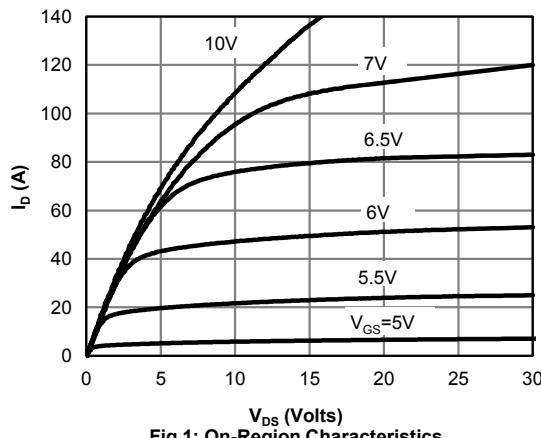
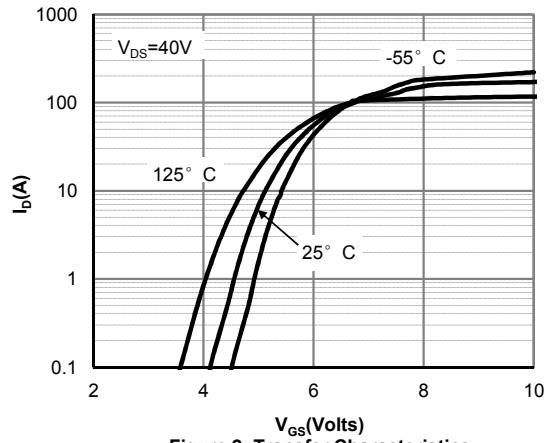
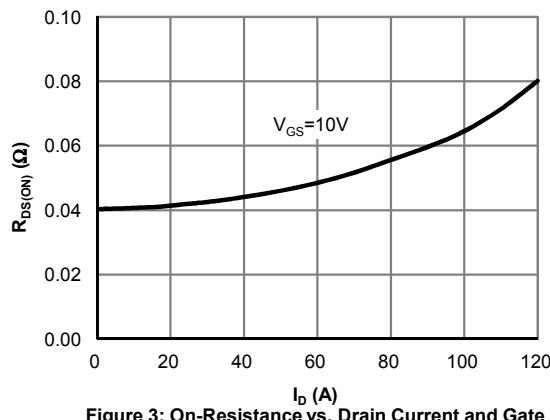
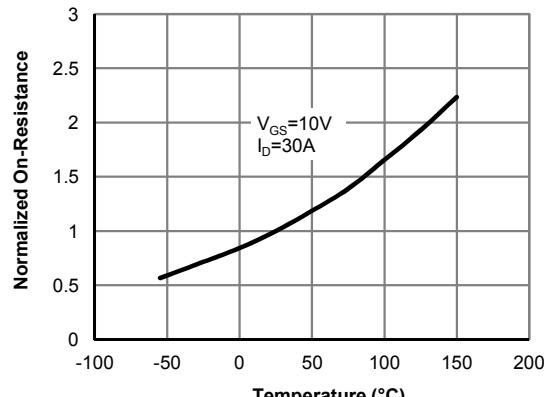
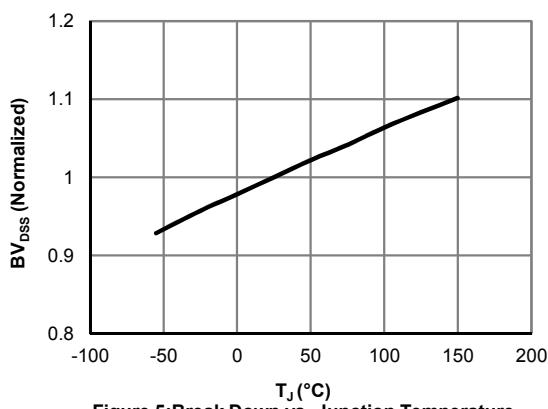
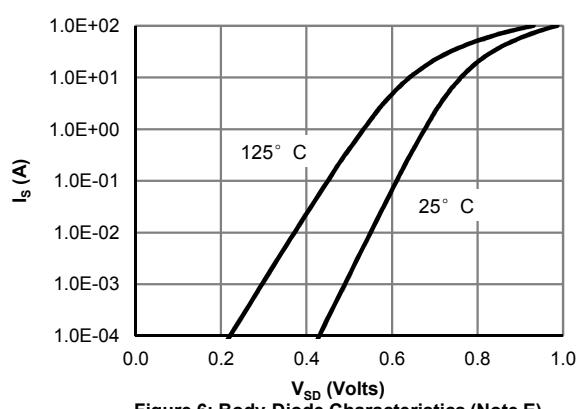
D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

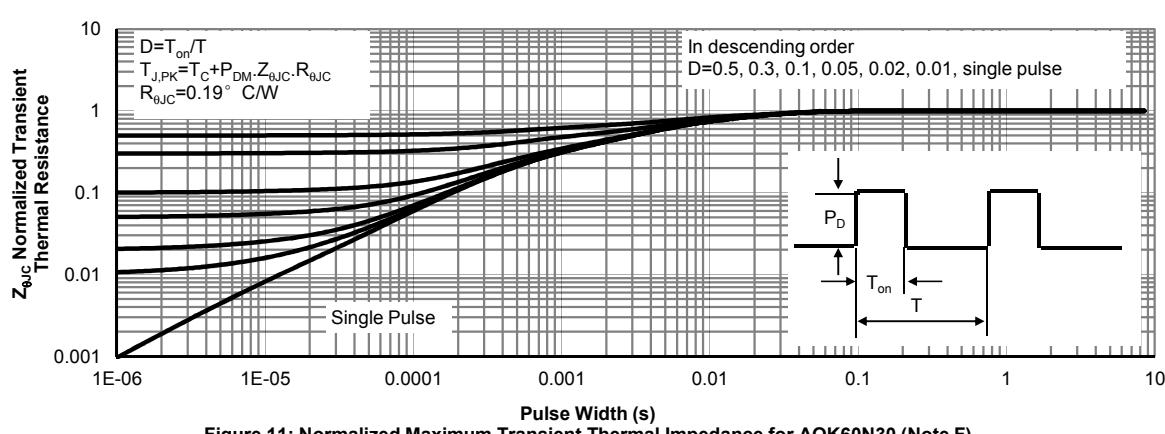
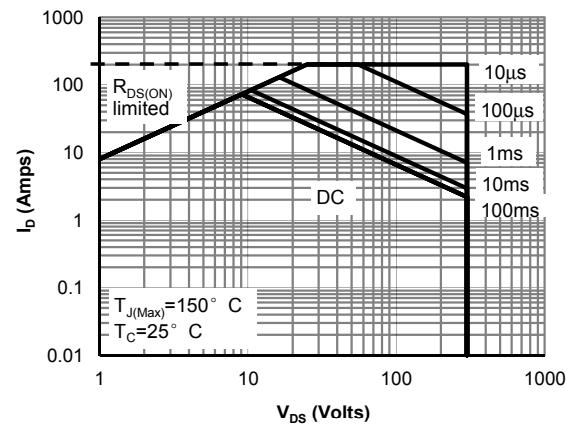
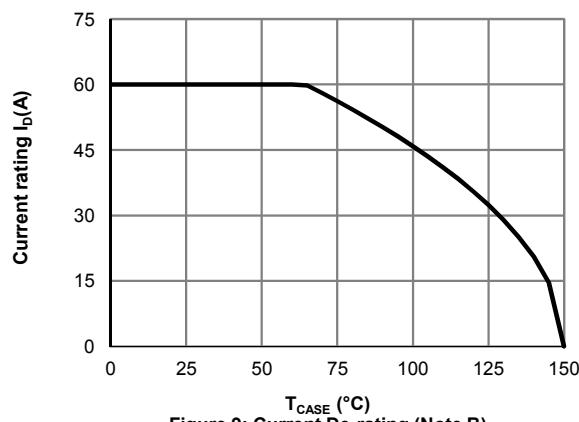
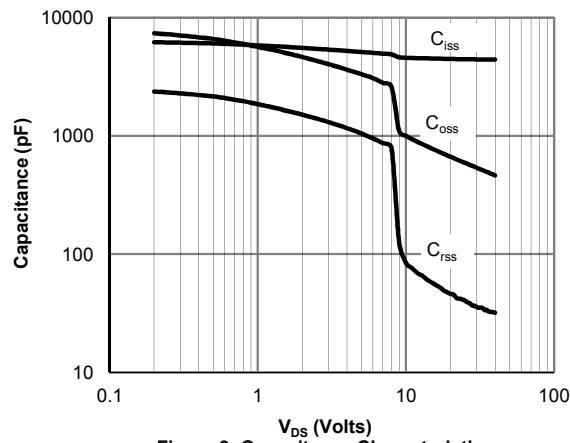
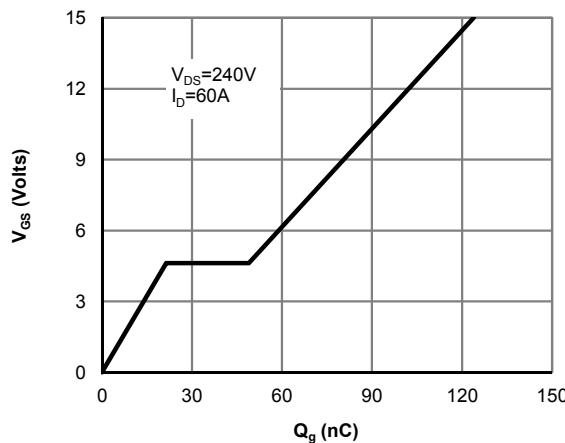
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

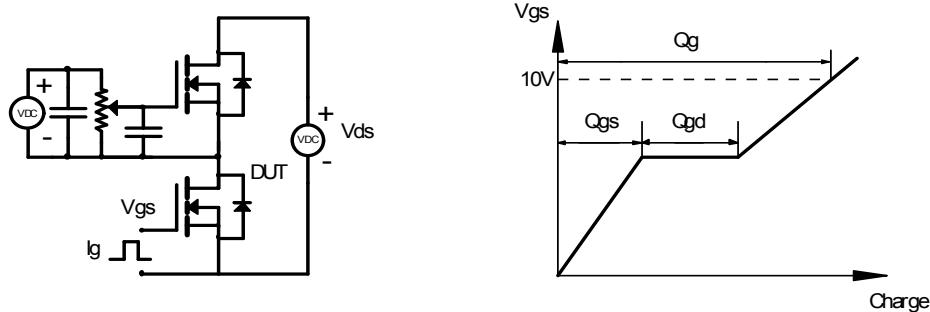
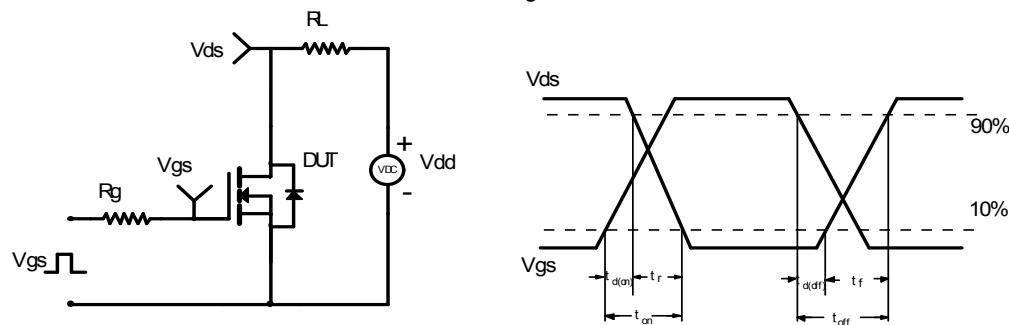
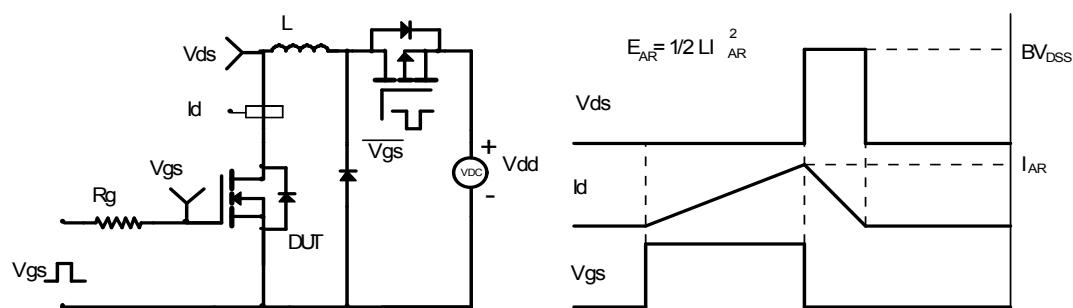
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. L=60mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=9.5A, V<sub>DD</sub>=150V, R<sub>G</sub>=25Ω, Starting T<sub>J</sub>=25°C

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
